Controlling LEDs







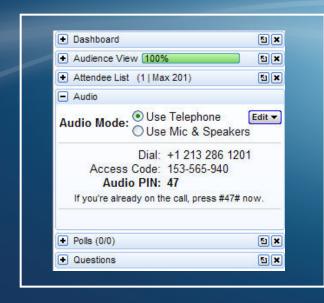






How to Participate: AUDIO Options

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Technical issues? Email jtucker@lutron.com or call (484) 695-5192.





How to Participate: Ask Questions

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- Feel free to type in questions throughout the webinar as the presenter will address them at the end of the session.

Technical issues?

- Please email <u>itucker@lutron.com</u> or call the webinar support cell phone at (484) 695-5192.





Agenda

- Advantages and limitations of LEDs for general illumination
- Basics of LED Control
- Reasons why you should dim LEDs
- The questions to ask before dimming an LED product





LED Advantages

- High Efficacy
 - Fixtures can achieve 25 80 LPW efficacies
 5 10 LPW for incandescent
- Longevity
 - Useful life of 25,000 to >100,000 hrs<1,000 for incandescent
- Environmentally Friendly
 - No hazardous materials
 ex: mercurcy vapor in iCFLs









LED Limitations

Higher Cost

- LEDs for general illumination are high brightness \$\$\$
- Require electronic drivers to convert AC to discrete DC

Limited Applications

- No one style is universally accepted
- LED fixtures not available for every application

Controls Compatibility

- Not all lamps are dimmable
- Dimmable lamps may have limited performance



NOTE: This product may cause interference with radios, televisions, telephones or remote controllers. If interference occurs move this product away from device or plug into another outlet.

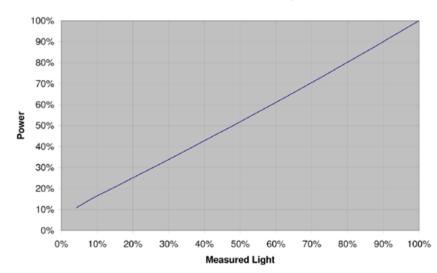
CAUTION: Risk of electric shock-do not use where directly exposed to water. This device is not introduced up use with entangency exit fixtures or emergency exit lights. Not for use with diamer circuits. Not for use with firmers, photocell and motion, control devices.

LIMITED WARRANTY: Product will be free of defect due to workmanship for a period of two (2) years. If product tails within the stated life, return defective product to retailer or Lights of America. Warranty terms and conditions of retailer apply. Warranty and guarantee void if product is misused per caution statement. If replacement product is not available at retail store, please return product, original package and receipt to manufacturer at: 611 Reyes Drive, Walnut CA. 91789 Attn. Consumer Affairs.



Why Dim LEDs?

- Dimming LEDs saves energy
 - 50% dimming = 50% energy savings
 - Added savings to an already efficient source
- Dimming lowers operating temperatures
 - Extends component life (electronics & phosphor)
 - Double or triple lumen maintenance
- General dimming benefits
 - Enhance ambiance
 - Space flexibility
 - Improve safety
 - Increased productivity



LED Driver: Power vs. Measured Light

FIGURE 1: LED Driver: Power vs. Measured Light



Dimming Challenges

- Understanding LED limitations is essential
 - New luminaire manufacturers entering market
 - Multitude of control types (some with standards, some without)
 - Performance issues (flicker, failure to turn off, etc.)

- Driver-related issues
 - LEDs are highly susceptible to flicker
 - Quality of DC output is important
 - Remote driver mounting can result in issues
 - Driver may not be designed for the same lifetime as the LEDs





Steps for a Successful System

Use the following questions to match expectations with performance:

- What type of LED product am I using: a lamp or fixture?
- 2. What is the dimming range of the lamp/fixture?
- 3. What is the dimming performance of the product?
- 4. What is the minimum or maximum number of lamps/fixtures that can be connected to one dimmer?
- 5. What type of control does the LED product operate on?

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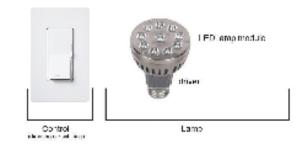
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What type of LED product am I using?

LED Bulbs (LEDi's)

- Designed to replace standard incandescent or screw-in CFL bulbs
- Edison base sockets
- Integral drivers which determine dimming performance (if dimmable)





LLD lamp incdule

Liminane (ixture)

LED Fixtures

- Variable in purpose (cove lights, down lights, 2x2, etc.)
- Usually have an external driver
- Some fixtures have multiple driver options to support different control technologies and applications (dim vs. non-dim, 0-10V vs. DALI)



Control

What is the dimming range of the fixture?

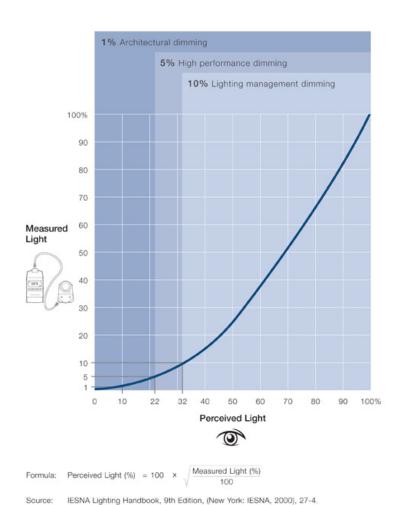
- Dimming range varies greatly
 - Some may dim only to 50%, others to 1%
 Incandescent lamps dim to below 1%
 - (orange filament glow)



- Select a dimming range suitable for your application
 - 20% dimming: suitable for a lobby, atrium, office, etc.
 - 1% dimming: necessary for a restaurant, media room, etc.
- Measured light vs. perceived light
 - Use caution when comparing and selecting products
 - Not all manufacturers use the same standard



What is the dimming range of the fixture?



- Difference between measured and perceived light
 - Measured light: the amount of light as shown on a light meter
 - Perceived light: the amount of light that your eye interprets due to dilation
 - 20% measured = 45% perceived

What is the dimming performance of the product?

What to watch out for:

– <u>Pop-on</u>

The level the light is at when it is turned off is the level it should return to when it is turned back on

Drop-out

The light should only turn off when the switch is turned off.

Dead-travel

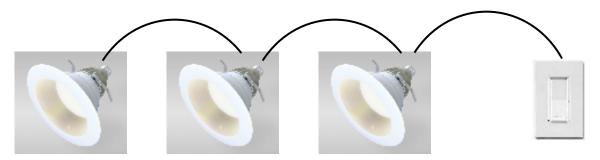
Adjusting the control without a corresponding change in light level

Audible Noise



How many LEDs can be connected to a dimmer?

- Minimum number of lamps
 - Dimmer / driver performance may suffer with too little load
 - Most incandescent dimmers require a 25 40 watt minimum

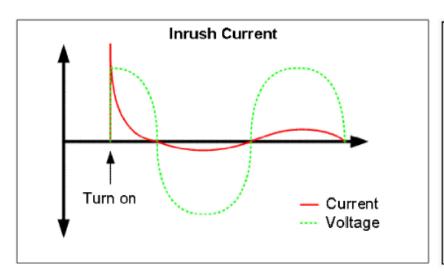


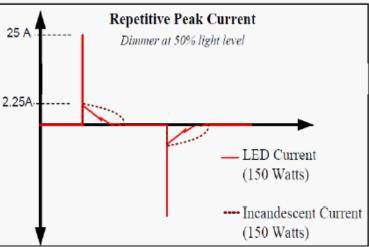
- Maximum number of lamps
 - The simple calculation is wrong
 600 watt dimmer / 10 watt LED = 60 LEDs per dimmer: WRONG!
 - Start-up inrush and repetitive current increases draw
 - Lutron observations have shown a 10 watt LED is similar to a 100w incandescent in terms of maximum current draw



How many LEDs can be connected to a dimmer?

- Start-up inrush and repetitive current
 - Lutron observations have shown a 10 watt LED is similar to a 100w incandescent in terms of maximum current draw
 - After accounting for these current draws, a 600 watt dimmer can safely support roughly 6 10-20 Watt LED lamps
 - Note: Only applies to phase control products







On what type of control does the LED operate?

- Control type refers to the signal and wiring between the wall control and fixture / lamp
 - Lamps generally use only forward/reverse phase control
 - Fixtures can use any method
 - The LED and control MUST use the same control type!
- Control Options
 - Forward Phase
 - Reverse Phase
 - 3 Wire
 - 0-10V
 - DALL
 - DMX 512





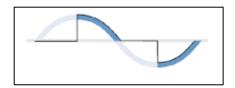




What type of control does the LED operate on?

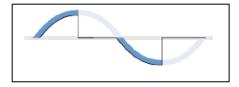
Forward Phase

- Most Common Dimming Method (150 million dimmers in use)
- Not originally intended for use with LEDs, performance issues possible



Reverse Phase

- Typically used for ELV loads, typically perform better with LEDs
- Smaller install base, usually require a neutral wire



3 Wire

- Fluorescent standard, control signal carried separate from power
- Precise, less prone to noise, but requires a third line voltage wire



What type of control does the LED operate on?

0-10V

- Analog control standard, low voltage (simplified wiring)
- IEC standard exists for general illumination, not always followed

DALI

- Digital addressing of individual fixtures & status feedback
- Easy to assigns occ. sensors, timeclocks and control to one or many fixtures without added wiring
- IEC standard exists

DMX-512

- Popular in theater applications & RGB LED control
- Multiple channels for individual color control
- Possible to use for single color general applications
- Complicated wiring for general illumination



Steps for a Successful System

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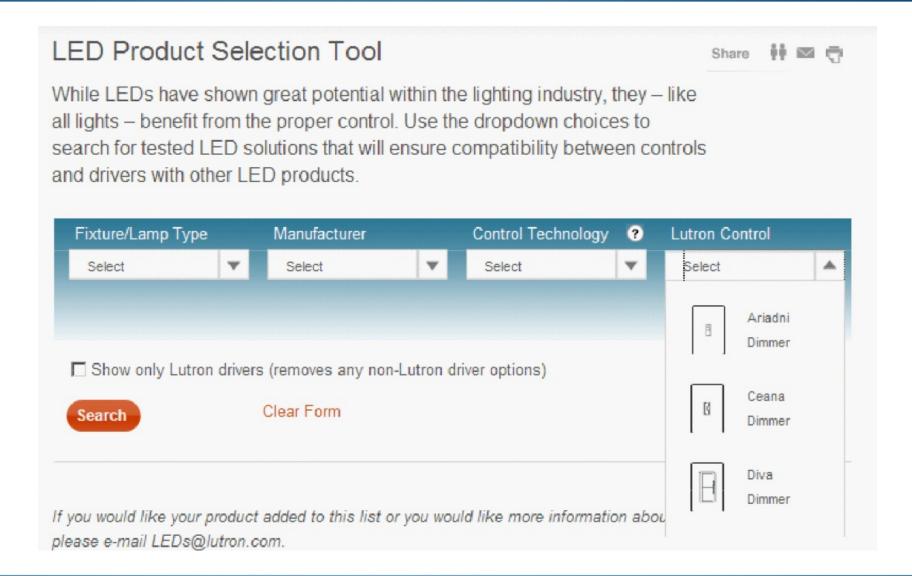
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LED Product Selection Tool





LED Testing Program

Lutron Recommended Compatible Products

Product	Part Number	Fixtures per Dimmer	Measured Light Output Range ⁽¹⁾	Comments
Diva	DVELV-300P	1 – 15	9% - 99%	Delay at low-end possible
Maestro	MAELV-600	1 – 30	12% - 99%	Delay at low-end possible
Nova	NLV-600	1-5	9% - 100%	Low end trim required

UTRON



LED Product Report Card

Manufacturer: Cooper / Halo Applicable Model Numbers:

Manufacturer's Description

Recessed Downlight

Operating Voltage: 120 Vac Input Power. Current: 123 mA 50/60 Hz Frequency:

Control Types: Standard Incandescent Dimming, Electronic Low Voltage, Fluorescent

5% - 100% with incandescent dimmer Dimming Range: Output Power:

882 lm (with the White Reflector trim ring) Lumens:

Lutron Test Results

Date Tested: May 13, 2009 Model Number Tested: ML708830 Smooth and Continuous: Yes

Test Notes: Testing and Recommendations based on 60 Hz frequency.

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Nova	NLV-600	1 – 5	9% - 100%	Low end trim required
Nova T*	NTLV-1000	1-7	10% - 99%	
Nova T*	NTELV-600	1 - 30	10% - 99%	
Skylark	SF-10P	1 - 8	15% - 99%	Low end frim required
Vierti	VTELV-600M	1 - 30	9% - 99%	Low end trim required
Incandescent Dimmers	See comments below			·
Homeworks	HW-RPM-4A-120	1 – 60 per output	5% - 100%	Reverse Phase Control Max. 96 fixtures per module Low end trim required
	HW-RPM-4U-120	3 –14 per output	5% - 100%	Max. 14 fixtures per module Low end trim required
	HWD-5NE, HRD-5NE	1 - 25	5% - 100%	Low end trim required
Commercial Systems	LP-RPM-4A-120	1 –60 per output	5% -100%	Reverse Phase Control Max. 96 fixtures per module Low end frim required
Interfaces	PHPM-WBX (7)	1 - 95	9% - 100%	Low end frim required
	PHPM-PA (7)	1 - 96	9% - 100%	Low end frim required

Walues are based on light output using the specified dimming control, and may not be an indication of the fixture's full

capability ²¹Controlled with Anadni, Diva, Lyneo Lx, Maestro, Nova, Nova, T*, Skylark, or Vareo 3-Wire Fluorescent dimmers, or GrafikEye



LED Control Center of Excellence

- A resource for you and your customers to get answers on any LED control question, including:
 - Control Options
 - System Compatibility
 - Tested/Non-tested products
 - Educational information to share with a customer
- Ways to reach us:
 - 1-877-DIM-LED8
 - LEDs@lutron.com
 - www.lutron.com/LED

